Discussion Guide:

Medication Guide.

Talking to Your Doctor About Diabetic Nerve Pain

This guide is to help you and your doctor find an appropriate treatment plan for you.



HOW TO USE THIS GUIDE

- Fill out this guide as much as possible.
- Bring it to your next appointment and share it with your doctor.
- Talk to your doctor about appropriate treatment options and ask if LYRICA might be right for you.

HOW toll	ig ilave you	i been exp	er rending u	nabetic ne	ii ve paiii:		MOHUH	s <u> </u>	rears	
Select a Pins Stab Burn Ting Achi	lling/sharp ing/throbb nbness	l y. es ting		Selection D	often do you rience this p t all that ap raily Monthly Veekly aries	pain?		O Climb O Walk O Work O Get in	that apply.	car/bed
Ü		D, how wou	ıld you rate	the sever	ity of your p	pain episod	es when e	xperiencing	j these syn	nptoms?
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
NO PAIN								I	MOST SEVE	RE PAIN
Indications LYRICA is indicated to treat fibromyalgia, diabetic nerve pain, spinal cord injury nerve pain, and pain after shingles in adult patients. LYRICA is also indicated to treat partial-onset seizures in patients 1 month of age and older with epilepsy who take 1 or more other drugs for seizures.										
Importa	ant Safet	y Informa	ation							
LYRICA is not for everyone. LYRICA may cause serious, even life-threatening, allergic reactions. Stop taking LYRICA and call your doctor right away if you have any signs of a serious allergic reaction. Some signs are swelling of your face, mouth, lips, gums, tongue, throat or neck, if you have any trouble breathing, or have a rash, hives, or blisters.										
Please see continued Important Safety Information on next page and Full Prescribing Information and										

What time of day is your pain at its worst?	In the last 4 weeks, has your pain interfered with your ability to do any of the following?				
Select all that apply.	Select all that apply.				
Morning	◯ Sleep	○ Work			
Afternoon	Concentrate	Household chores			
Evening	Family responsibilities	Social activities			
While sleeping	Other:				

Important Safety Information (continued)

Drugs used to treat seizures increase the risk of suicidal thoughts or behavior. LYRICA may cause suicidal thoughts or actions in a very small number of people, about 1 in 500. Patients, family members, or caregivers should call the doctor right away if they notice suicidal thoughts or actions, thoughts of self-harm, or any unusual changes in mood or behavior. These changes may include new or worsening depression, anxiety, restlessness, trouble sleeping, panic attacks, anger, irritability, agitation, aggression, dangerous impulses or violence, or extreme increases in activity or talking. If you have suicidal thoughts or actions, do not stop LYRICA without first talking to your doctor.

Serious breathing problems can occur when LYRICA® (pregabalin) is taken with other medicines that can cause severe sleepiness or decreased awareness, or when it is taken by someone who already has breathing problems. Watch for increased sleepiness or decreased breathing when starting LYRICA or when the dose is increased. Get help right away if breathing problems occur.

LYRICA may cause swelling of your hands, legs, and feet, which can be serious for people with heart problems. LYRICA may cause dizziness and sleepiness. You should not drive or work with machines until you know how LYRICA affects you. Also, tell your doctor right away about muscle pain or problems along with feeling sick and feverish, or any changes in your eyesight, including blurry vision or if you have any kidney problems or get dialysis.

Tell your doctor immediately if you are taking opioid painkillers (such as oxycodone), or medicines for anxiety (such as lorazepam) or insomnia (such as zolpidem). You may have a higher chance for dizziness, sleepiness or serious breathing problems if these medicines are taken with LYRICA. Taking LYRICA with opioid pain medicines may lead to death.

Some of the most common side effects of LYRICA are dizziness, blurry vision, weight gain, sleepiness, trouble concentrating, swelling of your hands and feet, dry mouth, and feeling "high." If you have diabetes, tell your doctor about any skin sores.

You may have a higher chance for swelling and hives if you are also taking angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitors, so tell your doctor if you are taking these medications. You may have a higher chance of swelling of your hands or feet or gaining weight if you are also taking certain diabetes medicines. Do not drink alcohol while on LYRICA. You may have a higher chance for dizziness and sleepiness if you take LYRICA with alcohol, narcotic pain medicines, or medicines for anxiety.

Before you start LYRICA, tell your doctor if you are planning to father a child, if you are pregnant, or plan to become pregnant. Breastfeeding is not recommended while taking LYRICA. If you have had a drug or alcohol problem, you may be more likely to misuse LYRICA.

In studies, a specific type of blood vessel tumor was seen in mice. The meaning of these findings in humans is not known. Do not stop taking LYRICA without talking to your doctor. If you stop suddenly, you may have headaches, nausea, diarrhea, trouble sleeping, increased sweating, or you may feel anxious. If you have epilepsy, you may have seizures more often. LYRICA is available in doses ranging from 25 mg to 300 mg and as a 20 mg/mL oral solution.

LYRICA is FDA approved to treat diabetic nerve pain.

Ask your doctor if LYRICA might be right for you.

Please see additional Important Safety Information and Indications on previous page and Full Prescribing Information and Medication Guide.

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